

# FIVE TROUBLE SPOTS WHEN MOVING DATABASES TO VMWARE

## Guide for IT Managers

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# INTRODUCTION

*Production databases are among the last big software components to make the move to virtualization. While other critical applications have been successfully transitioned to virtual servers in past five years, IT management has been slow to transition production Oracle, SQL Server, and Sybase instances to virtual servers. Even though the cost advantage of moving to VMware is quite compelling, there are some very real risks associated with transitioning the production databases – namely the potential for performance and availability impact on critical applications. However, now that Oracle and Microsoft support customers hosting their software on VMware, the race is on to achieve the same cost savings and flexibility benefits with virtualized databases that other applications have reached.*

*Now IT Managers are asking themselves if their teams are prepared to implement a successful database migration to VMware. They want to know about the issues and how their organizations can best respond to the challenge.*

## WHAT RISKS?

VMware changed the rules about what server resources were required to keep a database responding predictably, making it much more difficult for DBAs to see the interaction between the database and the underlying server resources. Predictable performance and availability of databases are critical to supporting the entire application stack.

## FIVE TROUBLE SPOTS FOR VMWARE INITIATIVES

Here are five scenarios unique to the virtual environment that merit particular attention for the manager focused on a successful VMware initiative:

1. **Inaccurate metrics** – database server metrics on virtual servers are inaccurate
2. **Dynamic resource allocation** – shifting resources impact database performance
3. **No control over host resources** – other VMs on the host server affect resource allocation
4. **Limited DBA Visibility** – DBAs typically don't have access to vCenter
5. **Mutual Ignorance** – vCenter is not aware of databases, and databases don't know they've been virtualized

## INACCURATE METRICS

Using traditional database monitoring and performance tools, the status of server health metrics such as CPU, memory, and storage are inaccurate on a VMware hosted servers. For example,

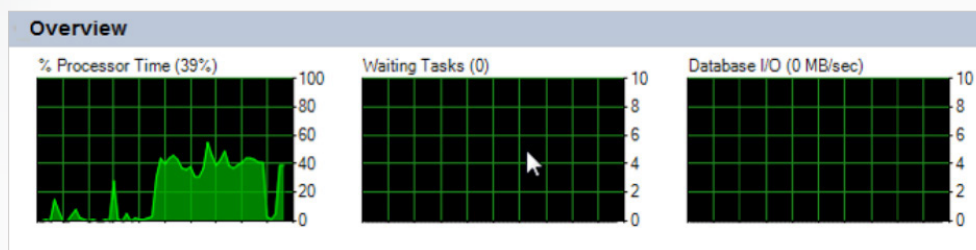


Figure 1: Database Server Metrics Are Misleading

## DYNAMIC RESOURCE ALLOCATION

VMware dynamically moves resources between VMs and moves VMs between different physical host servers. What does the DBA see when a CPU is removed, memory is re-allocated, or the virtual server changes to a new host? Nothing. A virtue of VMware is complete transparency for the application. But when the application is a resource sensitive database, and the DBA team has years of experience optimizing their instances to match available resources, hiding the underlying resources leaves the DBA unable to perform their tasks and maintain performance levels. Without visibility to dynamic VM changes, the DBA and the database are vulnerable.

confio_datacenter							
Getting Started Summary Virtual Machines Hosts IP Pools Performance Tasks & Events Alarms Permissions Maps							
Name, State, Host or Guest OS contains: <input type="text"/>							
Status	Host	Provisioned Space	Used Space	Host CPU - MHz	Host Mem - MB	Guest Mem - %	
Normal	azumi.confio.local	152.98 GB	115.74 GB	95	506	6	
Normal	azumi.confio.local	82.75 GB	10.36 GB	382	1594	25	
Normal	azumi.confio.local	81.00 GB	10.21 GB	0	0	0	
Normal	azumi.confio.local	51.10 GB	7.20 GB	127	278	59	

Figure 2: Changing Resources Are Only Visible through vCenter

## NO CONTROL OVER HOST RESOURCES

When hosting databases on a physical server, changes occurring elsewhere do not affect the database server. On a virtual platform, however, changes to allocated resources or new application loads on other virtual machines sharing the same host server can significantly affect the response of a VM. Without awareness of the other VMs and the systems they host, the DBA cannot understand the causes or accurately respond to stresses on their own VM.

## LIMITED DBA VISIBILITY

VMware Administrators use VMware vCenter, but because of security concerns and the expertise required, they severely restrict access to vCenter (This is no different than DBAs controlling access and privileges in their database environment). In surveys of organizational cooperation between different IT infrastructure groups, fewer than 20% of DBAs reported having even limited visibility or experience with vCenter and monitoring of VMware status. As a result, the DBAs responsible



for database performance and availability on VMware have no visibility to virtual server or host status, changes, and resources. No tools or infrastructure typically exist to promote sharing of the most basic system status and change notifications. While the Director of IT may want cross departmental cooperation, typical tools are designed to prevent it.

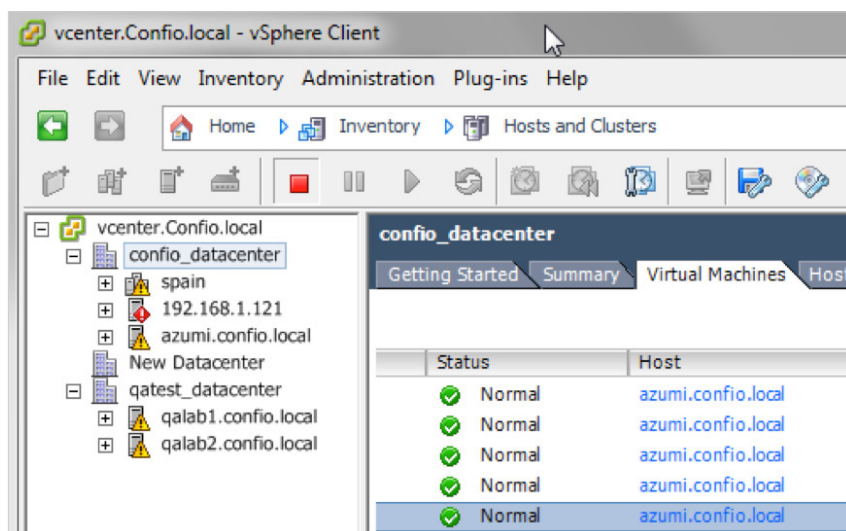


Figure 3: The vCenter Client and Server Are Not Accessible to DBA Team

## MUTUAL IGNORANCE

DBAs have specialized tools and scripts for database monitoring, but these tools they are not aware that the server is virtual, not physical. These tools, scripts and processes were all built for a physical environment. And according to VMware, an operating system or application cannot tell the difference between a virtual machine and a physical machine. And as explained above, the VMware administration group cannot share their views and tools with the DBA counterparts. How can a DBA team be held responsible for high availability systems without having accurate visibility to the servers they are hosted on?

## SUMMARY

### Reduce risk with visibility

70% of application performance problems occur at the database level. And because databases have such stringent performance requirements and are so sensitive to configuration changes, databases are the most recent converts to VMware. Recommended configurations from VMware for Oracle, for example, list multiple changes to database configuration and VMware settings required to optimize availability. Moving databases without making them virtualization aware puts the entire VMware initiative at risk. Be prepared to make the move. Give the DBA team the visibility needed to ensure their success on the virtual servers.



## Arm DBAs to be VMware Aware

**SolarWinds Database Performance Analyzer (DPA) VM Option** is a specialized tool designed to give DBA teams the visibility into the virtual layer required to successfully manage databases in a VMware environment. DPA VM Option helps DBAs maintain performance and availability when deploying production databases on VMware. Because DPA VM Option combines essential database response monitoring with non-intrusive VMware visibility, it gives IT management a way to reduce risk and ensure the success of VMware initiatives.

Management deploys DPA VM Option for their DBA teams to help;

- » Reduce the risk of VMware projects
- » Speed the successful transition to VMware platforms and achievement of associated cost savings
- » Enable teams to adapt to challenges of the VMware virtualized datacenter
- » DPA VM Option is agentless, with no software installed on production databases, virtual servers, or vCenter.

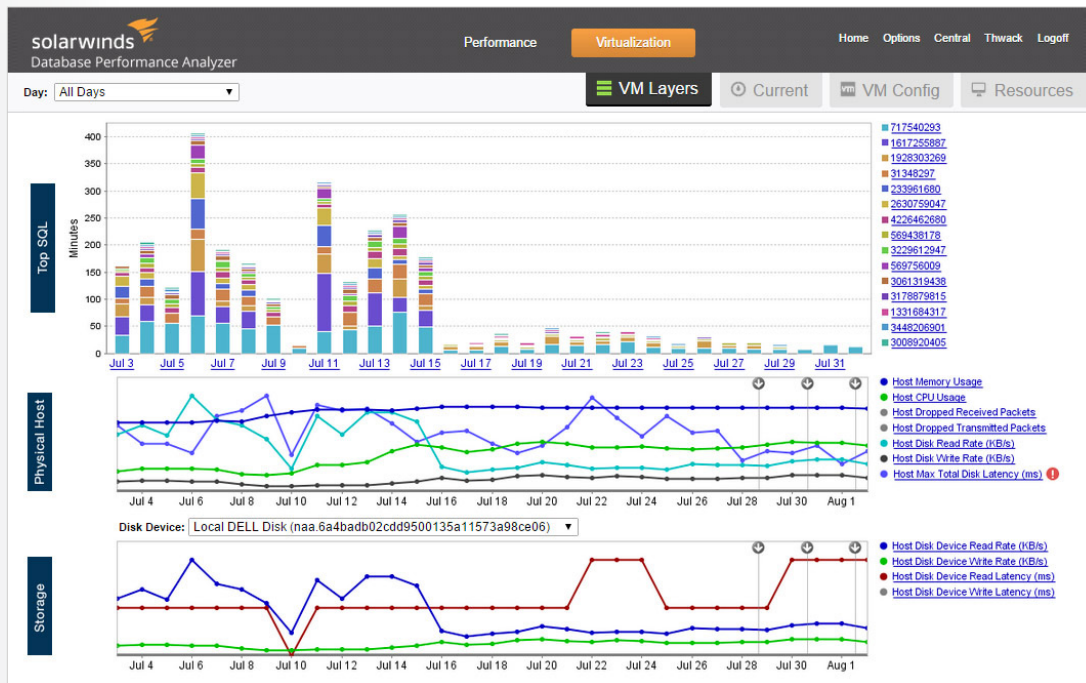
## HOW CAN DATABASE PERFORMANCE ANALYZER HELP?

**Database Performance Analyzer (DPA)** from SolarWinds (NYSE: SWI) provides the fastest way to identify and resolve database performance issues. DPA is part of the SolarWinds family of powerful and affordable IT solutions that eliminate the complexity in IT management software. DPA's unique Multi-dimensional Database Performance Analysis enables you to quickly get to the root of database problems that impact application performance with continuous monitoring of SQL Server, Oracle, SAP ASE and DB2 databases on physical, Cloud-based and VMware servers.

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